



## INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

<b>Class: VIII</b>	<b>Department: SOCIAL SCIENCE</b>	<b>Sub: History</b>
<b>Worksheet No:16</b>	<b>Topic: The Making of the National Movement :1870s—1947</b>	<b>Year: 2022-23</b>

<b>I</b>	<b>Multiple Choice Questions: -</b>
1	The marathi newspaper 'Kesari' was edited by (a) Lala Lajpat Rai (b) <b>Bal Gangadhar Tilak</b> (c) Chitta Ranjan Das (d) Sarojini Naidu
2	The Viceroy who was responsible for the partition of Bengal (a) <b>Lord Curzon.</b> (b) Lord Ripon. (c) Lord Mountbatten. (d) William Bentinck.
3	Which of the following movement is associated with Chitta Ranjan Das? (a) Quit India Movement (b) The Salt March (c) <b>Non-Cooperation Movement</b> (d) None of these
4	Who among the following was a Moderate leader? (a) Bipin Chandra Pal.(b) <b>Surendranath Banerjee.</b> (c) Aurobindo Ghosh. (d) Lala Lajpat Rai.
<b>II</b>	<b>Fill in the blanks: -</b>
5	Bengal was divided by the British in the year <b>1905.</b>
6	<b>Mahatma Gandhi</b> started the Historic Dandi March.
7	The Vernacular Press Act was enacted in <b>1878.</b>
8	<b>Bal Gangadhar Tilak</b> declared the slogan that, 'Swaraj is my birth right and I shall have it'.
<b>III</b>	<b>Write True or False: -</b>
9	People were satisfied with British rule in the 1870s and 1880s. <b>False</b>
10	The Ilbert Bill was introduced in 1883. <b>True</b>
11	The Arms Act was passed in 1875. <b>False</b>
12	Muslim League demanded "Independent States" for Muslims in 1940. <b>True</b>
13	Rabindranath Tagore renounced his title 'knighthood' the Jallianwala Bagh after massacre- <b>True</b>
<b>IV</b>	<b>Match the following: -</b>
14	Mohammad Ali and Shaukat Ali (a) A.O. Hume
15	The Swadeshi movement (b) The Khilafat Movement.
16	The Indian National Congress (c) The Partition of Bengal
17	The Non-Cooperation Movement (d) Russian Revolution.
	(e) Mahatma Gandhi
	<b>Ans:(14 -b ,15 -c,16- a,17-e.)</b>
<b>V</b>	<b>Answer the following questions: -</b>
18	Which state of India witnessed the Akali Agitation of Sikhs? Punjab.
19	What is meant by the concept of 'Poorna Swaraj'? It means complete independence.
20	Gandhiji withdrew the Non-Cooperation movement. Give reasons. ●Mahatma Gandhi was against violence. ● He withdrew the Non-Cooperation movement in 1922, when a crowd of peasants set fire to a police station in Chauri Chaura, killing 22 police men.
21	Describe the Ilbert Bill. ●The Ilbert Bill was introduced in 1883. ● The Bill gave Indian judges and magistrates the power to try British officers in criminal cases at the District level.

- when white opposition forced the government to withdraw the bill, Indians were enraged.
- The event highlighted the racial attitudes of the British in India.

**VI** Look at the pictures given below and answer the questions.

**Picture-1**



1. Name of the person in this picture?
2. Name the book written by him.
3. What was described in the book?

**Answer: -**

- 1. Dada Bhai.**
- 2. 'Poverty and unbritish rule of India'.**
- 3. The book offered a scathing criticism of the economic impact of British rule.**

**Picture-2**



1. What does the picture shows.
2. What was the purpose behind the establishment of Natal Congress?

**Answer: -**

- 1. It shows the founders of the Natal Congress, Durban, South Africa, 1895.**
- 2. In 1895, along with other Indians, Mahatma Gandhi established the Natal Congress to fight against racial discrimination.**

Picture – 3



1. Name the British officer who ordered to fire on gathering of people?
2. What does the above-mentioned figure show?

**Answer:**

**1. General Dyer.**

**2. The above figure shows the walled compound, Jallianwala Bagh in the city of Amritsar in Punjab where general Dyer ordered to fire on the people who assembled on the ground.**